Evolution Line

Xtreme 40
Elite 20

Manual
Scan the code below

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Thank you for purchasing one of IceTech’s Dry Ice Blasting machines. In order for us to provide you the best customer support and notify you of product improvement updates, please fill out this Warranty Registration Form.
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GENERAL INFORMATION

The Evolution Line manual is for the Elite 20 and the Xtreme 40 dry ice blasting machines produced by IceTech. IceTech machines and accessories have been developed to supply cleaning equipment which minimizes consequential cleaning costs and combines the best characteristics of sand blasting and steam cleaning.

Dry And Thermal Cleaning Process

Dry ice blasting provides a dry cleaning process (similar to sand blasting), AND a thermal cleaning process (familiar in steam cleaning).

The blasting media itself (dry ice pellets) sublimates; this means that in most cases the process can be used for cleaning components, machinery and plant equipment without dismantling and often without having to cover adjacent plant equipment.

No Residual Blasting Media

Dry ice blasting provides a dry and gentle, but extremely efficient, cleaning process that leaves no residual blasting media to be disposed of, and no undesired substances that might penetrate into or be deposited on machines and plant components.

This means that cleaning by dry ice blasting becomes an excellent alternative to cleaning with traditional methods.

DRY ICE BLASTING – How It Operates

Dry Ice Pellets

The dry ice blasting machine uses small CO2 “particles” as the blasting medium, called dry ice pellets [CO2 - the chemical symbol for carbon dioxide]. In a machine commonly known as a pelletizer, liquid CO2 is used to produce hard and uniform dry ice pellets. The pellets are approx. 3 mm (0.1 inch) in diameter and approx. 10 mm (0.4 inch) in length - or rice-sized.

These dry ice pellets have a temperature of -79°C/-110°F. When used for dry ice blasting, the pellets are blasted onto the object to be cleaned at a very high velocity. On contact with the surface of the object, they immediately change from a solid to a gaseous form as they heat up on impact. This change from a solid to a gaseous form, the accompanying tremendous expansion in volume, the high kinetic energy and the low temperatures are the most important factors which result in the loosening of impurities.

Method

The dry ice blasting machine contains a dry ice pellet tank and a dosing unit, which doses the dry ice pellets into the jet of compressed air. By means of the compressed air, the dry ice is transported through a special blasting hose to the blasting gun and nozzle. In the blasting gun, the air stream is accelerated, and the dry ice pellets leave the nozzle of the blasting gun at very high velocity.
Cleaning Effect
The cleaning effect of dry ice blasting is based on three principles:

- **Thermal Effect:**
The dry ice pellets have a temperature of -79°C/-110°F, and impurities are therefore cooled down drastically; the impurities shrink and loosen due to different thermal expansion coefficients.

- **Kinetic Effect:**
When the dry ice pellets leave the blasting gun nozzle they have high kinetic energy and strike the impurities at a speed almost equivalent to the velocity of sound.

- **Sublimation Effect / Volume Expansion:**
The dry ice pellets are being pressed into the brittle impurities and sublimate immediately on contact. The resulting volume increase by a factor of approx. 700 contributes to tearing away the contaminant.

SAFETY REGULATIONS

**General**
This manual contains instructions and safety regulations which must be followed while starting, operating and maintaining the dry ice blasting machine. It is important that the manual is kept, so the operator always knows its exact location. It is also important the owner makes certain that the operator reads, understands and follows the contents of the manual.

**Personnel Qualifications**
Personnel responsible for operation, servicing and maintenance must be suitably qualified to perform these functions.
Special training in machine handling as well as in repair and maintenance is offered by the manufacturer of the machine.
The owner of the machine must ensure that the person appointed to operate the dry ice blasting machine fully understands and is able to follow the SAFETY REGULATIONS defined in the following pages, and the WARNING SYMBOLS located on the machine.

**Safety and Risk**
The machine is constructed to comply with the standards and clauses contained in the Declaration of Conformity and the terms of sale. Therefore, provided the manufacturer’s instructions are followed, the machine will not pose any risk to the operator.
Precautions during Blasting

Air, CO2 gas and dry ice pellets leave the gun nozzle at a very high velocity (up to 300 m/s - 984 ft/s).

Therefore:
• do not aim the nozzle at a person[s] or in the direction of a place[s] where other people work,
• remember, dry ice pellets can be deflected back from the object being cleaned,
• do not aim the nozzle in directions where damage might result.
Do not use the machine “for fun” and under no circumstances should you aim the gun nozzle at persons or other living creatures.

Static Electricity

Serious discharge of static electricity can occur. Always make sure that objects to be cleaned are adequately earthed/grounded and that this earthing/grounding remains stable throughout the whole cleaning process. The dry ice blasting machine is earthed/grounded, from machine cabinet to blasting gun, and through the main electricity connection on the rear side of the machine - provided that the machine has been set up and connected as described under STARTING THE DRY ICE BLASTING MACHINE page 15.

PACEMAKER Precautions
Do NOT use the dry ice blasting machine if you are wearing a pacemaker. The dry ice blasting machine may cause pacemaker malfunction.

Explosive Hazard
The machine must never be used in surroundings where there is a danger of explosion. Despite optimum earthing/grounding of both machine and cleaning object, static electricity can be generated and create a spark.
**Danger of Congelation**

At atmospheric pressure, CO2 in a solid form has a temperature of -79°C/-110°F or lower and can give rise to congelation when the dry ice comes in contact with unprotected skin.

**Danger of Thrown Loose Objects**

There is a risk of dry ice pellets and small objects being deflected back during blasting. Therefore small objects must be firmly secured before blasting. Loose objects must not be left in the area where the cleaning process is taking place!!

The operator must always wear approved protective goggles or a protective shield when working with the dry ice blasting machine. This also applies to anybody near the workspace.

**Noise**

Because of the high air velocities in the gun nozzle during dry ice blasting, the level of noise in the area where the operator works may exceed the maximum permissible level. The owner is responsible for keeping himself acquainted with, and informing the operator of any precautions to be taken as to the application of ear protection, since legislation on maximum permissible noise levels varies from one country to another.

**Dust**

Certain types of dust have a tendency to accumulate during the cleaning process. Therefore we recommend that the operator wears a dust mask or if necessary a breathing mask and industrial protective clothing.

**Protective Clothing**

When using the dry ice blasting machine, the operator must wear long-sleeved industrial protective clothing and gloves in order to eliminate the risk of congelation when the dry ice comes in contact with unprotected skin.
Read the safety data sheet provided by the dry ice supplier and follow the instructions given.

**CO2 Detector**

The presence of a CO2 detector is recommended in areas of limited ventilation such as rooms, closed tanks, etc. The CO2 detector can be installed to interrupt the blasting process before the CO2 concentration exceeds a prescribed limit.

**CO2 Concentrations**

Dry ice pellets are CO2 in a solid form. At normal atmospheric pressure, CO2 can only exist in a solid form at a temperature of -79°C/-110°F or lower. When CO2 is used as a blasting medium, it becomes heated and changes into a gaseous form. As CO2 has a higher specific gravity than ordinary atmospheric air, inhaled air will contain CO2 - especially if the blasting process takes place in small or partly closed rooms.

In such conditions there is a risk of the oxygen content of inhaled air being replaced by CO2. Therefore it is essential to make sure the room is well ventilated when dry ice blasting!!

**Note that**

- low CO2 concentrations (3-5%) result in headaches and rapid breathing,
- CO2 concentrations of 7-10% produce headaches and nausea, and may lead to unconsciousness,
- higher CO2 concentrations lead to unconsciousness and in the worst case – suffocation.

As stated above, high CO2 concentrations can displace oxygen and result in unconsciousness. Therefore, avoid using the dry ice blasting machine in spaces/rooms where ventilation is limited.
1. Hopper lid – opens from the side.
2. Handle for maneuvering the machine.
3. Control panel.
4. Connection for blasting hose.
5. Signal cable from blasting hose. Transfer signal from the trigger switch on the blasting gun to the machine control.
6. Extra grounding cable – prevents static build up.
7. Front bumper.
8. Control box.
9. Pneumatic vibrator ensures continuous pellet flow.
10. LED indicators which display operating mode.
11. Quick change dosing disc - doses dry ice into the blasting air stream.
12. Ammeter - indicates working status of the dosing disc.
13. Machine wheel brakes - must remain applied when the machine is in operation.
14. Main valve for blasting air stream. If the machine is ready for operation and the blasting parameters required have been set, this valve opens for the blasting air stream, every time the trigger switch on the blasting gun is activated. As soon as the trigger switch on the blasting gun is released, the valve cuts off the air stream.
15. 24 V DC motor - independent on the power source.
16. Insulated dry ice hopper.
17. Pressure control - indicates the blasting pressure value set on the control panel.
Important!

When lifting with a forklift truck, make sure that the forks are inserted all the way under the machine frame itself. When using a crane for lifting, a yoke with straps under the cabinet frame must be used. Ensure that wheels and wheel brakes do not become damaged.

CONTROL PANEL

18.  Ergonomic, collapsible handles - for easy transportation and hose storage.
19.  Cable holder.
20.  Air release valve.
21.  Compressed air supply.
22.  Main power supply.
1. Hose coupling – for connection on front of the dry ice blasting machine.
2. Signal cable – for connection on front of the dry ice blasting machine.
3. Signal cable – for connection to the blasting gun.
4. Hose coupling – for connection to the blasting gun.

IceTech offers three different types of blasting hoses: HD hoses, fiber reinforced silicon hoses and teflon hoses.
IceGun Evolution HD with light

1. Light.
2. Safety switch.
3. Two-step trigger:
   - Blasting with dry ice AND air,
   - Blasting with AIR ONLY.
4. Signal cable.
5. Standard Round Nozzle - interchangeable.

**Dim. [mm/inch] without nozzle:**
- Length: 270 / 10.63
- Width: 60 / 2.36
- Height: 225 / 8.86

**Weight without nozzle:**
- g: 1100 / lbs: 2.42
STARTING THE DRY ICE BLASTING MACHINE

Setting Up

1. Make sure the machine is on a level, horizontal surface, and that the wheel brakes are applied.

2. Plug the blasting hose couplings into the socket on the front of the machine and the blasting gun, respectively. Check to make sure the hose couplings are correctly connected.

3. Connect the signal cable at both ends of the blasting hose with the sockets on the front of the machine and the blasting gun.

   CORRECT ORDER IS IMPORTANT!!
   FIRST connect the blasting hose couplings, THEN the signal cable!!

4. Connect the main power supply.
Starting

When the machine has been set up as described above (points 1-5), the following procedure shall be followed before the cleaning process has begun:

5. Connect the compressed air supply.

6. Check carefully to ensure that the dosing unit is dry and clean at the hopper outlet.

7. Open the external compressed air supply (slowly).

8. The Evolution Line machine is equipped with a Static Ground Cable which is mounted on the front of the machine. Connect the Static Ground Cable to the item being blast cleaned or to an electrically conductive supporting structure of the material.
9. Check to make sure that the machine is in the normal operating position (the emergency stop button is pulled out).

10. Turn the machine ON (press the ON/OFF button).

11. Activate the trigger on the blasting gun for a few seconds to allow air to flow through the system. Checking for moisture in the airstream, and proper operation of the dosing disc, vibrator, and regulator.

12. Fill dry ice pellets into the hopper (this can be done while the machine is in operation).

Please note: It is recommended that you run the hopper empty before each filling to enable the operator to see whether “snow” or lumps appear in the dry ice. These can prevent a continuous supply of dry ice to the dosing unit. Never leave the machine with the lid open.
13. Adjust the dry ice consumption [kg/h / lbs/min.] and the blasting pressure [bar/psi] – the value is shown on the pressure gauge.


Please note: Before activating the trigger on the blasting gun, the operator must stand in a working posture that prevents loss of balance from the blasting gun recoil [at max. blasting pressure, with the largest nozzle diameter, the recoil energy can reach as much as 10 kg / 22 lbs]

15. “Light button” [only when machine is equipped with a light gun] – to improve visibility during blasting turn on the “Light button” on the control panel.

16. “Empty hopper function” [*available only for Xtreme 40] - if there are residues of dry ice in the hopper, push the button for 3 sec. to start the empty hopper cycle.
SHUTTING DOWN THE DRY ICE BLASTING MACHINE

When the cleaning task has been completed, the following procedure must be carried out before the machine is dismantled or stored:

- Empty the hopper.
- Activate the trigger on the blasting gun for a few seconds in order to empty the system of possible dry ice residue.
- Close the compressed air supply.
- Activate the trigger on the blasting gun for a few seconds in order to depressurize the system or use the air release valve.
- Turn off the machine (press the ON/OFF button).
- Disconnect the main power supply.
- Open the air release valve to depressure the air side supply.
- Disconnect the compressed air supply.
- It is recommended to disconnect the blasting hose.

CORRECT ORDER IS IMPORTANT!
FIRST disconnect the signal cable – THEN the blasting hose couplings!!

- Avoid kinking the blasting hose, when rolling it up.

EMERGENCY STOP

Activation of the emergency stop button immediately stops the blasting air stream and the dry ice flow. Before the machine can be restarted, the following procedure must be carried out:

- Disengage the emergency stop button [twist and release the button].

17. Empty hopper [*available only for Xtreme 40] can be also used in emergency situation when an unwanted object falls into the dosing unit and stop it. By pushing the button for 1 to 2 seconds you can step the dosing disc counter-clockwise to be able to remove this object.
• Start the machine [press the ON/OFF button].
• Restart the blasting air stream by activating the trigger switch on the blasting gun.

PRECAUTIONS – BLASTING HOSE

Connection and Disconnection
Never disconnect the blasting hose from the machine or blasting gun when the main power supply and/or compressed air supply are connected. Otherwise activation of the trigger on the blasting gun will result in a discharge of blasting air through an open outlet instead of through the blasting gun nozzle. If this happens, the operator will lose control of the air stream, and serious injury that could result in death.

CORRECT ORDER IS IMPORTANT!!
- **Connection:**
  - FIRST connect the blasting hose couplings – THEN the signal cable!!
- **Disconnection:**
  - FIRST disconnect the signal cable – THEN the blasting hose couplings!!

Defective Blasting Hose
The outer hose sleeve protects the operator from any exposure caused by wear and tear of the inner hose. No pressure build-up is permissible in the outer sleeve during operation. If a defective blasting hose is used, the operator risks serious injury from being hit by dry ice pellets. Any sign of inflation means that the inner hose is in some way defective.

NOTE: If that fault occurs, stop the machine IMMEDIATELY:
- Close the compressed air supply immediately.
- Activate the trigger on the blasting gun until the system is depressurised or use the air release valve.
- Activate the emergency stop button.
- Disconnect the main power supply.
- Disconnect the compressed air supply.
- Disconnect the blasting hose [FIRST disconnect the signal cable – THEN the blasting hose couplings].
- Make sure the blasting hose is repaired and pressure-tested [see following page].
- Although the hopper may not be empty, the system must not be blasted through until a new/repaired blasting hose has been connected.
**Blasting Hose Repair**

Blasting hoses must only be repaired either by an IceTech technician or by the owner’s qualified personnel having been trained by IceTech in the repair and maintenance of Ice-Tech dry ice blasting machines and accessories. Beyond the necessary knowledge, the person concerned must have appropriate tools and equipment, as well as the auxiliary materials required, at his disposal.

The operator must NEVER repair the blasting hose without using original IceTech spare parts!!

IceTech offers three different types of blasting hoses: HD hoses, fiber reinforced silicon hoses and teflon hoses.

**PRECAUTIONS – ELECTRIC CONNECTION**

**Main Power Supply**

The main electric connection supplies the machine with LN + PE. (L-N), respecting the live/phase (L), neutral (N) and ground (PE) connections The machine voltage is specified on the rating plate. The control circuits use 24 V DC.

**OFF Button**

The OFF button cuts off voltage to the control circuits, but does not make the machine voltage-free.

The machine is only voltage-free when the main power supply has been disconnected.

**Cover Plate at the hopper Bottom**

A cover plate is fitted at the bottom of the hopper to prevent the operator from coming into contact with the moving parts of the dosing unit during operation. Since the cover plate is part of the safety precautions of the machine, it must NOT be removed.
MAINTENANCE

Daily before Starting the Machine

1. Pay special attention to places on the blasting hose where kinks may have occurred during operation.
2. If any kind of damage to the blasting hose or the machine itself is noted, such damage must be repaired either by an IceTech technician or by the owner’s qualified personnel who has been trained by IceTech in the repair and maintenance of IceTech dry ice blasting machines and accessories. Beyond the necessary knowledge, the person concerned must have appropriate tools and equipment, as well as the auxiliary materials required, at his disposal.
3. Check the current on the Ammeter when you pull the trigger. If the average current is over 30 amperes, a service check of the dosing unit is recommended.

In this way it is ensured that the repaired blasting hose/machine continues to comply with the safety regulations after repair.

After 100 Hours of Operation

1. Examine connections for wear and tear or other damage. Tighten up or replace them as necessary.
2. Check the dosing unit for damage and leakage.

After 500 Hours of Operation

1. Examine connections for wear and tear or other damage. Tighten up or replace them as necessary.
2. Dismantle the dosing unit. Check the dosing disc and wear plates for damage and wear. If the dosing disc and wear plates are OK – then reassemble and readjust the dosing unit. If wear plates and dosing disc are not OK – then ...
3. Replace the dosing disc, and replace the upper and lower wear insert at the dosing disc.
4. Reassemble the dosing unit.
5. Check the current on the Ammeter.
6. Check the blasting hose for wear and tear.
REPAIR AND WARRANTY

Repair
The repair/replacement of the following parts can be made by the owner’s qualified personnel:

- Signal cable plugs on the machine, blasting hose and blasting gun.
- Blasting hose couplings on the machine, hose and gun.
- Electricity and compressed air sockets on the rear of the machine.

When making repairs/replacements, use only original IceTech spare parts.

Terms of Warranty
In order for us to provide you the best customer support and notify you of product improvement updates, please fill Warranty Registration Form on our homepage www.icetechworld.com.

In order to comply with the terms of the warranty, and for safety reasons, repairs other than those stated above require relevant tools and equipment and therefore must always be made either by an IceTech technician or by the owner’s qualified personnel who have been trained by IceTech in the repair and maintenance of IceTech dry ice blasting machines and accessories. Beyond the necessary knowledge, the person concerned must have appropriate tools and equipment, as well as the auxiliary materials required, at his disposal.

The liability of the manufacturer under the terms of the CE and cUL endorsement in regards to safety may become invalid:

- If repairs are made using non-IceTech spare parts.
- If repairs are made by unqualified personnel.
- If repairs are unsatisfactory due to lack of relevant tools and equipment.

In such cases, the liability of the manufacturer will be solely confined to any manufacturing faults/errors made prior to the machine being delivered and before repairs/replacements have been made.
NOZZLE SELECTION AND AIR CONSUMPTION

Nozzle Diameter and Blast Pattern
The nozzle selection should be based on finding the best combination of air consumption, dry ice consumption and cleaning efficiency. The selection of the nozzle spread angle should depend on how strong or weak a cleaning effect is desired for a given dry ice consumption.

Small Blast Pattern
A small blast pattern gives a concentrated jet with a high cleaning effect on a small area.

Wide Blast Pattern
A large spread angle, e.g. the flat nozzle, results in a jet which, for the same consumption of dry ice and air, cleans a larger area with a lesser cleaning effect.

Nozzle Size
It is important to select the size of nozzle which will provide the desired air velocity using the available compressor capacity. Choosing the right nozzle size and type will optimize not only the cleaning effect, but also the dry ice consumption and the time required for the cleaning process itself. Refer to the air consumption table for guidance.

Air Consumption Table
The air consumption table indicates the air consumption in relation to nozzle size and blasting pressure. The maximum supply pressure of the Elite 20 and the Xtreme 40 amounts to 16 bar/232 psi.

Example of Use of the Table
The air consumption table outlines the air consumption achieved with the nozzle sizes available. If for example a size 8 nozzle is used at a blasting pressure of 6 bar (87 psi) the air consumption amounts to 4.2 Nm3/min (148.3 ft3/min). The available compressor capacity will always need to be taken into consideration and therefore it may be necessary to do some test blasts and observe the results until the optimum combination of nozzle size and blasting pressure for a certain application is found.
## Air Consumption Table

### Air consumption in Nm³/min at the pressures indicated (bar)

<table>
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<tr>
<th>Ø</th>
<th>2</th>
<th>3</th>
<th>4</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Ø5</td>
<td>0.7</td>
<td>0.9</td>
<td>1.2</td>
<td>1.4</td>
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<td>15.3</td>
<td>16</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Air consumption in ft³/min at the pressures indicated (psi)

| Ø  | 29 | 44 | 58 | 73 | 87 | 102 | 116 | 131 | 145 | 160 | 174 | 189 | 203 | 218 | 232 |
|----|----|----|----|----|----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| Ø5 | 25 | 32 | 42 | 49 | 56 | 67  | 74  | 81  | 92  | 99  |106 |116 |124 |131 |144 |
| Ø6 | 35 | 46 | 60 | 71 | 85 | 95  |106  |120 |131 |141 |155 |166 |180 |191 |201 |
| Ø7 | 49 | 64 | 81 | 95 |113 |131 |145 |166 |180 |201 |219 |233 |251 |261 |272 |
| Ø8 | 64 | 85 |106 |127 |148 |169 |191 |215 |237 |258 |279 |297 |321 |342 |353 |
| Ø9 | 81 |106 |134 |162 |187 |215 |244 |272 |297 |332 |357 |381 |413 |427 |459 |
| Ø10| 99 |131 |166 |201 |233 |268 |300 |339 |367 |399 |438 |473 |505 |459 |565 |

- Ø = nozzle diameter
**TECHNICAL DATA**

**Elite 20**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>TECHNICAL DATA:</th>
<th>Elite 20 ½”</th>
<th>Elite 20 ¾”</th>
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<td><strong>Dimensions mm/inch:</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td>Width:</td>
<td>450 / 17.7</td>
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<tr>
<td>Height incl. handle:</td>
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<tr>
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<td><strong>Dry Ice Capacity:</strong></td>
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<td><strong>Dry Ice Consumption:</strong></td>
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<td>25 - 353</td>
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<td>min 5 - max 16</td>
<td>min 72 - max 232</td>
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<tr>
<td>psi:</td>
<td>min 2 - max 10</td>
<td>min 29 - max 145</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Blasting Pressure:</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>bar:</td>
<td>min 2 - max 10</td>
<td>min 29 - max 16</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>psi:</td>
<td>min 2 - max 16</td>
<td>min 29 - max 232</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Air Consumption:</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nm3/min:</td>
<td>0.7 - 3.7</td>
<td>0.7 - 10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>cfm: (depending on nozzle combination)</td>
<td>25 - 103</td>
<td>25 - 353</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Compressed Air Connection:</strong></td>
<td>¾” claw coupling</td>
<td>1” claw coupling</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Air Quality:</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>According to ISO 8573-1 Class 3</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>for environment temperature below + 5°C / 41°F</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Power Consumption:</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>500 W, 90V – 230V AC 50/60 Hz + PE (GND)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Blasting Hose:</strong></td>
<td>½” Single Hose System</td>
<td>¾” Single Hose System</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Noise:</strong></td>
<td>Noise level up to 120 dB(A).</td>
<td>Depending on blasting pressure, nozzle combination and material surface</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
# TECHNICAL DATA
## Xtreme 40

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>TECHNICAL DATA:</th>
<th>Xtreme 40 ¾”</th>
<th>Xtreme 40 1”</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Dimensions mm/inch:</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Length:</td>
<td>795 / 31.3</td>
<td>948.3 / 37.3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Width:</td>
<td>534 / 21</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Height incl. handle:</td>
<td>948.3 / 37.3</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Weight:</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>kg: / lbs:</td>
<td>121 / 267</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Dry Ice Capacity:</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>kg: / lbs:</td>
<td>40 / 88.2</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Dry Ice Consumption:</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>kg/hr:</td>
<td>30 – 100</td>
<td>45 – 150 [65 – 220 opt.]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>lbs/min:</td>
<td>11 – 3.7</td>
<td>1.7 – 5.5 [2.4 – 8.1 opt.]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Supply Pressure:</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td>min 5 - max 16</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>bar:</td>
<td></td>
<td>min 72 - max 232</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>psi:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Blasting Pressure:</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td>min 2 - max 16</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>bar:</td>
<td></td>
<td>min 29 - max 232</td>
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<td>psi:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Air Consumption:</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nm³/min:</td>
<td>0.7 – 10</td>
<td>1.4 – 16</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>cfm:</td>
<td>25 – 352</td>
<td>35 – 565</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(depending on nozzle combination)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Compressed Air Connection:</strong></td>
<td>1” claw coupling [optional 1.5” claw coupling]</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Air Quality:</strong></td>
<td>According to ISO 8573-1 Class 3 for environment temperature below + 5°C / 41°F</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Features:</strong></td>
<td>Empty hopper function</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
## Troubleshooting

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Problem description</th>
<th>Possible reason and solution</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| **Machine is not turning on after pushing ON/OFF**       | - Check if “Main Supply” LED is on, if not:  
  - Check power supply source  
  - Check circuit breaker F11 is in red position  
  - Check fuse F212 , and if necessary replace  
- Check if “24 VDC LED” is on, If not:  
  - Check fuse F203 & F214, if necessary replace  
  - Push and release emergency stop, followed by turning the machine Off and On  
For further support call service. |
| **Air is not flowing**                                   | - Verify compressed air supply is on and at minimum 72 psi / 5 bar or above.  
  - Verify blasting pressure is regulated above 0 psi / bar.  
- Check ‘Air On’ LED is on when trigger is pulled, if not:  
  - Check signal cable connections  
For further support call service. |
| **Dosing unit is not working / ice is not flowing**       | - Check ‘Motor Driver’ LED is on, if not:  
  - Check fuse F203, and if necessary, replace  
- Check ‘Ice On’ LED is on when trigger is pulled, if not:  
  - Check signal cable connections  
- Check ammeter range is less than 30 or not in the red, if so:  
  - Check hopper/dosing disc for foreign objects  
  - Dosing disk may be frozen. Call service for thawing procedures  
For further support call service. |
| **Light on the gun is not working**                       | - Check that ‘Light On’ LED is on, if not:  
  - Check ‘Light’ button is activated  
  - Light is activated by trigger function. Light is set to turn off 30 seconds after trigger is released.  
- Check signal cable connections.  
For further support call service. |
| **Empty hopper function is not working (Xtreme 40 model only)** | - To activate empty hopper function press and hold ‘Empty Hopper’ button for a minimum of 5 seconds. The empty hopper function will automatically deactivate after 30 seconds.  
  - Check hopper/dosing disc for foreign objects  
  - Dosing disk may be frozen. Call service for thawing procedures  
For further support call service. |
EC-DECLARATION OF CONFORMITY FOR MACHINERY

Manufacturer: IceTech A/S
Industrivej 62
6740 Bramming
Denmark
Tel: +45 76 56 15 00

Representative: 
Tel: 

Herby declare that:

IceBlast

Type: Elite 20 - Xtreme 40

Manufacturing no: 
Year: 

Is manufactured in conformity with:


Is manufactured in conformity with following national/international standards and technical specifications:

- DS/EN ISO 12100-1:2005 Safety of machinery - Basic concepts, general principles for design - Part 1: Basic terminology, methodology
- DS/EN ISO 13857:2008 Safety of machinery - Safety distances to prevent hazard zones being reached by upper and lower limbs
- DS/EN 60204-1:2006 Safety of machinery - Electrical equipment of machines - Part 1: General requirements

Manufacturer: Bjarne Nielsen
Managing Director
Signature: Bjarne Nielsen
Date: 02.02.2015

The party authorised to compile the technical file:
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Signature: Jesper Moslund
Date: 02.02.2015
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